

WAR IS DECLARED!

BRAZIL EXPECTED TO MAKE WAR ON GERMANY FOLLOWING KILLING OF THREE CITIZENS

Steamer Parina is Sunk and 3 Lives Lost; Anti-German Feeling Intense; Seizure of Ships is Likely.

BOLIVIA ALSO WILL PROBABLY JOIN WAR

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 6.—A declaration of war on Germany is expected following the sinking of the Brazilian steamer Parina and the killing of three Brazilians. Anti-German feeling is intense. The seizure of German ships in Brazilian ports is likely. It is indicated Bolivia will probably follow Brazil in declaring war.

Situation is Grave.
"The situation is most grave" declared Foreign Secretary Miller. "A declaration of war against Germany is likely."

There is intense anxiety over the fact that five hundred thousand Germans live in the Brazilian state of Rio Janiero.

Coal Embargo Threatens.
BUENOS AIRES, April 6.—The state has put a powerful pressure on Argentina to force the raising of the wheat embargo. It is learned authentically that England has threatened a coal embargo as a reprisal. Argentine officials manifest the greatest alarm.

Officials are hurriedly making inventory of the nations food supply. They know without British coal that all railroad shipping and industries will be paralyzed. It is known officially that the government is deeply concerned over the influences behind the disaffection over Governor Ugarte. It is predicted Ugarte's removal from the government is the next step. There has been a long feud between Ugarte and Srigoyen.

Submarine is Near.
NEW YORK, April 6.—A German submarine is near the trade route between New York and South American ports. A warning was sent to British and other merchantmen.

PICKED TROOPS USED IN GREAT GERMAN EFFORT

LONDON, April 6.—Striving desperately to relieve the tremendous pinches-like grip around St. Quentin exerted by the British and French, picked German troops were hurled against the French line northwest of Rheims in one of the most powerful "diversions" attempted in months. The French were forced to release some trenches, but recaptured some later. The attack was over a front of a mile.

DOCTORS AUXILIARY CORPS IS ORGANIZED

Umatilla County Committee Will Co-operate With American Physicians to Aid Government.

The Auxiliary Medical Defense Committee last evening organized to cooperate with American physicians and surgeons in preparing to meet the demands of the government for medical men in the army.

The state committee, consisting of Drs. K. A. J. MacKenzie, C. J. McCusker, R. C. Yenny, R. C. Coffey, H. C. Jeffers and S. E. Wright, recently named the following committee to represent Umatilla county: Dr. F. E. Boyden, chairman, Dr. T. M. Henderson, Dr. H. J. Kavanaugh, Dr. F. W. Vincent and Dr. A. E. Tamsie. A meeting of this committee was held last evening and Dr. Henderson was chosen as secretary.

This committee will serve as a medium through which any medical men in this county, desiring to join the U. S. medical reserve corps, may make application. Any physician under the age of 45 is eligible to apply but before acceptance must pass a medical and physical examination.

As soon as the government establishes army camps, many medical men will be needed and these will be supplied from this reserve corps being formed through the efforts of the medical men themselves. Dr. William J. Mayo, Dr. F. F. Simpson and Dr. Franklin Martin are the officers of the national committee.

PRESIDENT OF CUBA SENDS WAR MESSAGE

NEW YORK, April 6.—President Menocal of Cuba, sent a message to the Cuban congress recommending war with Germany, according to a cable here. "The president," said the cable, "has his request for taking the step on the submarine business February first with the deliberate, avowed intention to destroy neutral merchant vessels. It constitutes violation of all international law provisions, most particularly the solemn pledges given the government of the United States during the last two years."

Railroads Offer Aid.
WASHINGTON, April 6.—The American railway association spokesmen for an organization of ninety seven per cent of the nation's railroads, offered the war department all its resources down to the last flat car if necessary to speed war preparations.

DEPARTMENT STORE EMPLOYEES RECEIVE MILITARY TRAINING



SALES GIRLS AT RED CROSS NURSES

A scene on the roof of a Fifth Avenue, New York, department store, where 500 employees of the establishment are receiving military instruction. More than 100 of the salesgirls have joined the military organization and are ready to offer their services as Red Cross nurses in event of war.

UNITED STATES JOINS FORCES WITH ALLIES TO CONQUER GERMANY

LOCAL RECRUITING IS ENLIVENED BY FORMAL DECLARATION OF WAR

With the formal declaration of war against Germany, recruiting has picked up at the local recruiting stations and within the next few days both Sergeant Swartz of the naval station and Corporal Harvey of the army recruiting office expect to sign up many young men who have been hesitating until war was declared.

Sergeant Swartz expects to have about 15 applicants tomorrow. He will send three new recruits to Portland tonight: Chauncey Walter Smith of Burlington, Iowa, Murdock James Johnston of Winifred, S. D., and Lavon Morris of Perry, Ore. Johnston enlisted in the artificer branch and

the other two as apprentice seamen. He also has five or six others signed up and who will leave within the next few days. These include Earl Friedley of Pendleton, who has enlisted in the apprentice seaman branch, Harry Monterastelli of Pendleton in the artificer branch, Charles Henry Hooper of Walla Walla in the hospital branch, Leslie Gibbs of Pendleton in the yeoman branch and John Francis Daniel of Pendleton in the apprentice seaman branch.

Eight of the eleven men whom Sergeant Swartz has sent down have been accepted. He just received word this morning that Henry E. Barber and Arthur Fender had been accepted.

WIRELESS STATION IS DISCOVERED AT BASE OF MT. HOOD

PORTLAND, April 6.—Federal officials admitted that a well equipped wireless station carefully hidden at the base of Mount Hood, has been discovered and destroyed. The plant included a generator and high aerials capable of communicating five thousand miles. Nobody was arrested. The plant was deserted when found.

65 GERMANS ARRESTED.
WASHINGTON, April 6.—Between sixty and sixty-five Germans in the United States already have been ordered arrested, for operations against this country, attorney General Gregory told the cabinet. He refused to tell their names or addresses.

THREATENED LIFE OF THE PRESIDENT

INDIANAPOLIS, April 6.—Department of justice agents have arrested Christian Luecky on a charge of threatening bodily harm against the president. Luecky is alleged to have threatened if he could get to Washington he would kill the president.

GERMANS NEED HAVE NO FEAR OF INJURY
Bank Deposits Safe; Government Announces Policy of Fairness.

Men of foreign birth, German or otherwise, even if unnaturalized, need have no fear of having their property seized or anything of the sort. The position of the government upon the subject is set forth in the following statement published at the request of the federal reserve board.

The department of state on February 15th issued the following statement: "It having been reported to him that there is anxiety on the part of persons residing in this country who are subjects of foreign states lest their bank deposits or other property should be seized in the event of war between the United States and a foreign nation, the president authorizes the statement that all such fears are entirely unfounded. The government of the United States will in no circumstances take advantage of a state of war to take possession of property in which international understanding and the recognized law of the land give it no just claim or title. It will scrupulously respect all private rights alike of its own citizens and of the subjects of foreign states."

REPORTS OF SUBMARINES SCARE GALVESTON PEOPLE

GALVESTON, April 6.—Reports of German submarines in the Gulf of Mexico cause many here to apply for insurance against bombardment, riots and civil disturbances.

Teachers Are Protected

SALEM, April 6.—Oregon teachers who enlist or are called into the service without having time to give the usual thirty days' notice need not fear losing their certificates, according to J. A. Churchill, state school superintendent.

91 INTERNED GERMAN SHIPS SEIZED; ARMY OF A MILLION MEN IS NEEDED IMMEDIATELY

WASHINGTON, April 6.—War was declared at 1:13 this afternoon, President Wilson signed the joint resolution which the house and senate passed, declaring a state of war between Germany and the United States. An hour before Vice-President Marshall signed the resolution. These last formalities were necessary to put the United States into the conflict. As the President affixed his signature Lieutenant Commander McCandless signalled across the street to the navy department.

The government immediately sent wireless messages to ships that war was declared. Simultaneously every steam whistle in Washington along the Potomac was opened wide. The Swiss minister will inform Germany. The President then issued a proclamation to the people declaring a state of war. He directed United States officers to exercise vigilance in the discharge of the duties incident to a state of war.

APPEALS TO CITIZENS.

The President asks all American citizens, "In loyal support to their country, dedicated from its founding to the principles of liberty and justice" to uphold the laws, "to give undivided and willing support" to all measures adopted by government in prosecuting the war to a successful issue and in "attaining a secure and just peace."

ALIENS ARE WARNED.

He also warned all aliens to conform to the strict regulations outlined in the proclamation from the White House. The engrossed resolution was sent to the state department to be there kept as one of the most important papers in government records.

INTERNED GERMAN SHIPS SEIZED.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Ninety one German ships with a total tonnage of five hundred and ninety four thousand, have been seized throughout the United States today. Twenty seven ships were seized in New York alone. Extraordinary precaution has been taken to avoid trouble from German ships. Warships have been guarding the vessels since a war declaration became certain. Four were seized in San Francisco and three along the river and two in Seattle.

SHIPS VALUABLE TO U. S.

In seizing the ninety one German ships the United States acquired the vessels built purposely for conversion into auxiliary cruisers. It is learned that most passenger ships were built with gun platforms, reinforced decks and other equipment for offensive purposes. Our transporting facilities have been tremendously increased. The fourteen larger vessels will transport forty thousand men.

MUCH MACHINERY WRECKED.

Although the seized ships are subject to government use it is problematical whether any can be put into commission immediately. In most cases the machinery was wrecked. The crews were under instructions to smash cylinder heads and otherwise cripple the vessels. Inspections shows this was done on many vessels. The hulls are in bad shape, because they have been tied up three years.

PLANS FOR RAISING ARMY.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—After proclaiming the war the President issued a statement regarding the means for raising an army of two millions. "The principles embodied in the legislation presented by the war department to the military committee of senate and house met my entire approval," the

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